

Assistive Devices: Simulating physiological performance

MOHAMMAD S. SHOURIJEH, PHD, R&D ENGINEER

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Control Panel

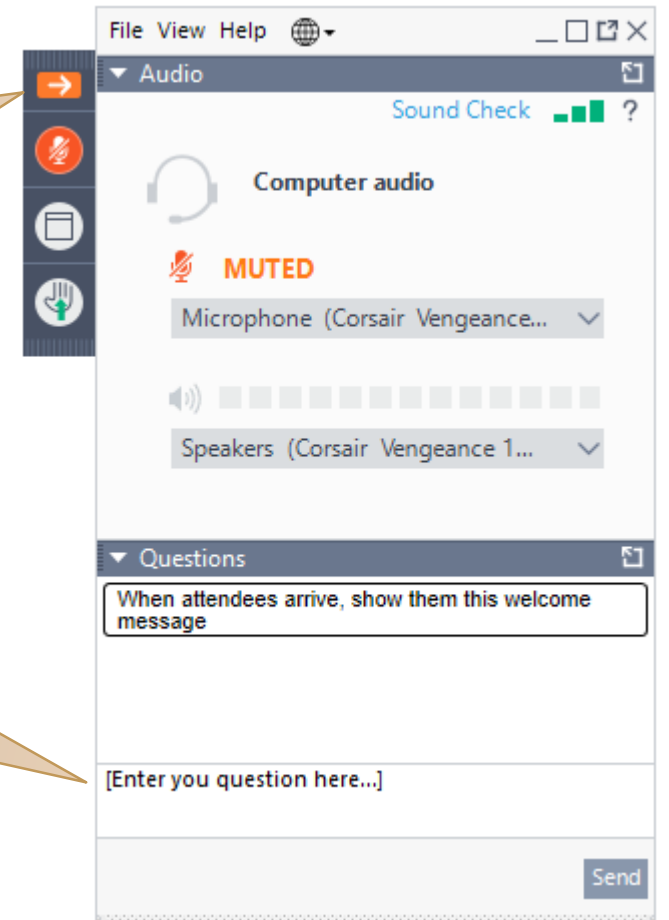
The Control Panel appears on the right side of your screen.

Submit questions and comments via the Questions panel.

Questions will be addressed at the end of the presentation. If your question is not addressed we will do so by email.

Expand/Collapse the Control Panel

Ask a question during the presentation



Outline

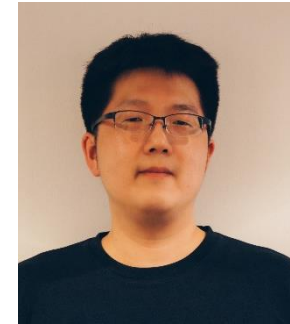
- Introduction to musculoskeletal modeling with AnyBody
- Physiological design/evaluation criteria of exoskeletons
 - Examples
 - Parametric study
- Final words and Q&A session

Presenter



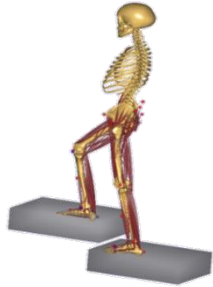
Mohammad S. Shourijeh
PhD, R&D Engineer,
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mss@anybodytech.com

Moderator

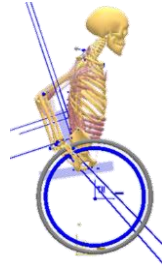


Moonki Jung, PhD
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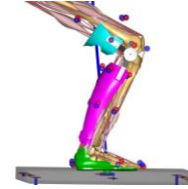
For what we need musculoskeletal modeling



Gait Analysis
AnyGait

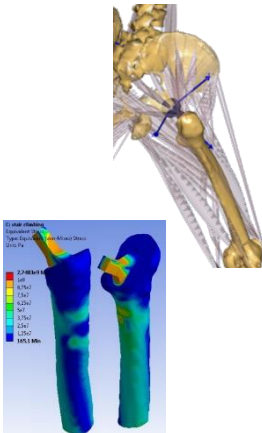


Product Design
Optimization



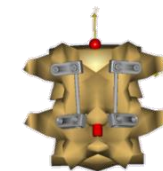
Ergonomic
Analysis

ANYBODY
Modeling System



Load Cases for
Finite Element
Analysis

Surgical Planning and
Outcome Evaluation



AnyBody Modeling System

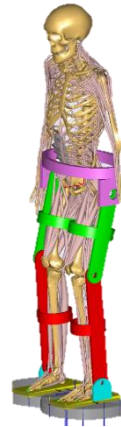
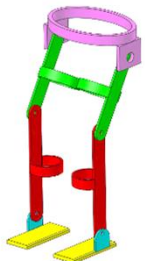
Motion and Forces



Body model

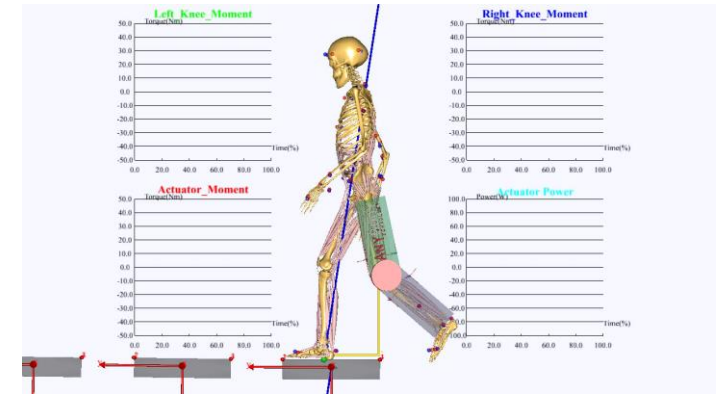


Environment model



musculoskeletal simulation

Design Optimization

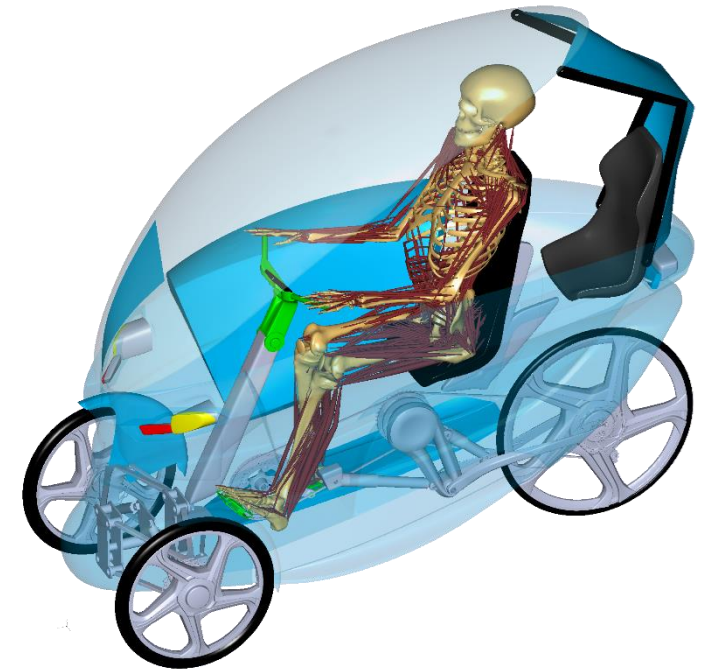
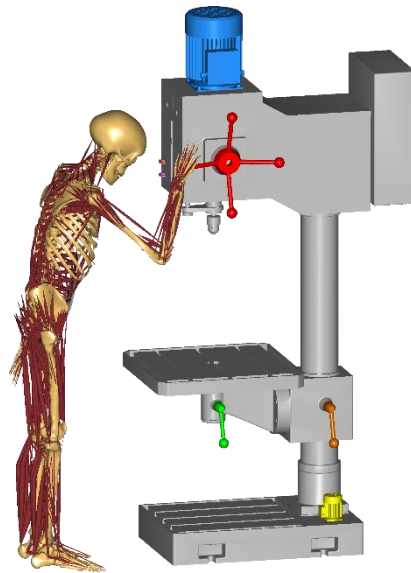


Internal body loads

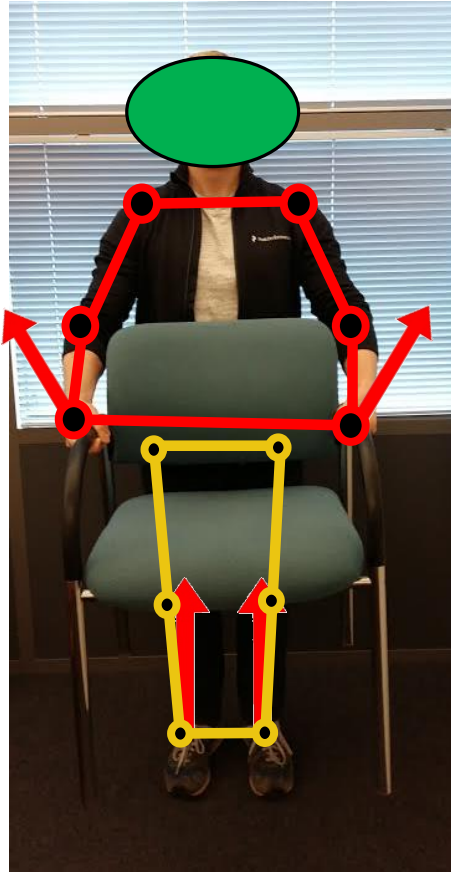
- Muscle forces
- Joint forces

Machine Design and Optimization

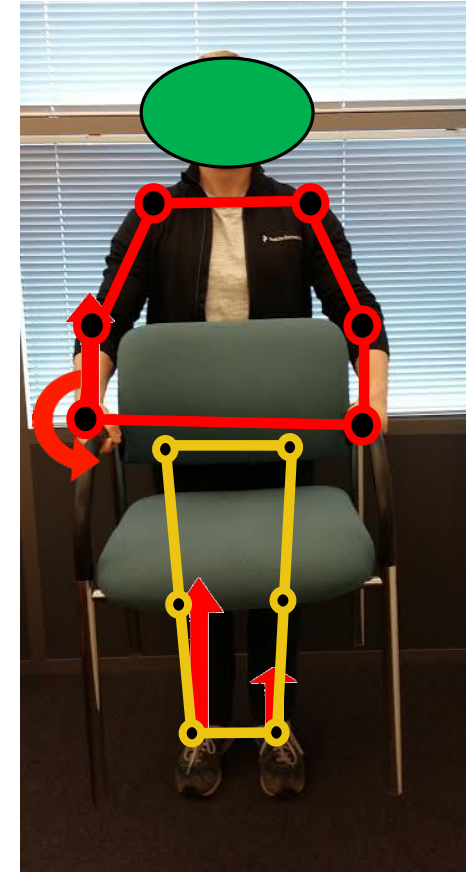
- AnyBody Exporter for SOLIDWORKS®
 - Plugin for SolidWorks
 - Export your machine's design from SolidWorks
 - Run Man-Machine simulations



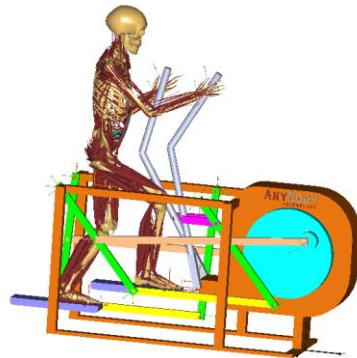
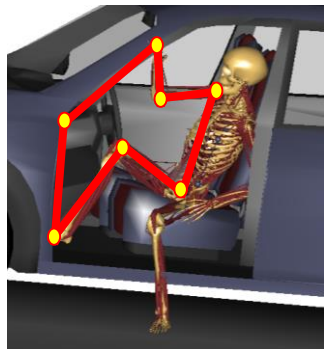
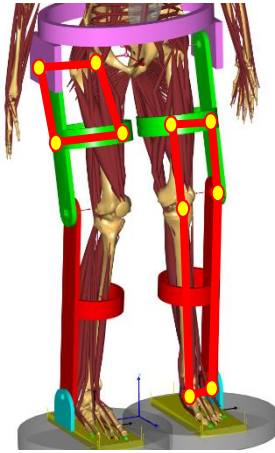
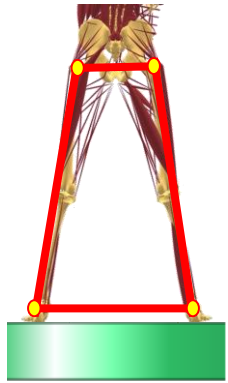
Body-Device Closed Kinematic Chains



- Measure kinematics ONLY
- Infinite possibilities for
 - Joint moments
 - Muscle forces
 - Interaction forces



Body-Device Closed Kinematic Chains



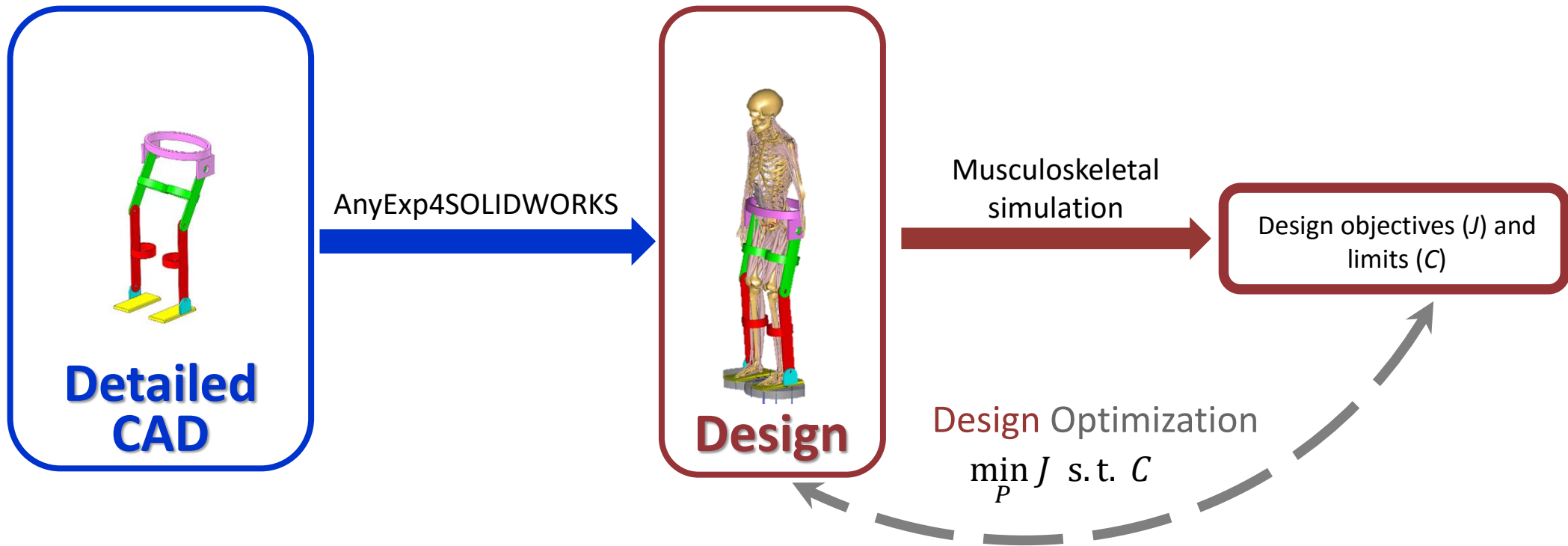
- Inverse Dynamics with Joint Coordinates
 - Leads to extra effort for closed loops
 - Might not be able to access reaction forces instantly

- AnyBody Inverse Dynamics (Cartesian Coordinates)
 - Full dynamic detail
 - Handles closed kinematic chains

- Control of Man-Machine interaction forces
 - Contact forces on the human
 - Control of normal and shear forces (e.g. how tight the straps are)



Design framework



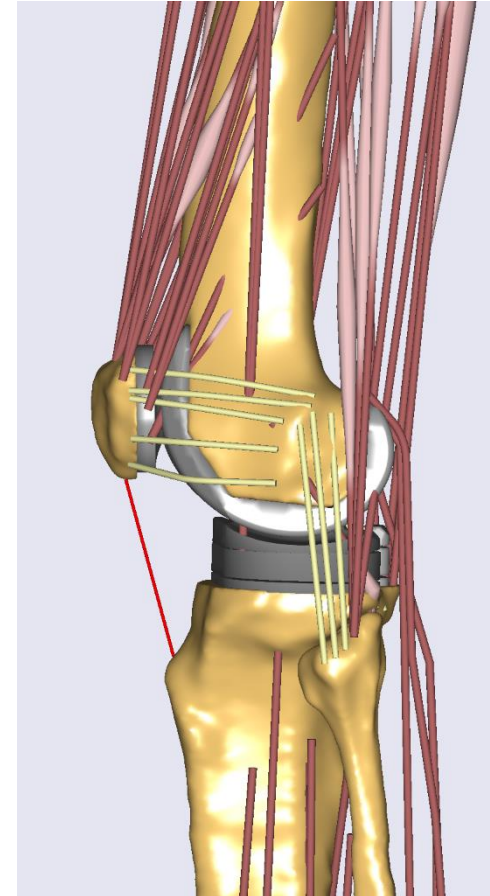
Physiological objectives

- Metabolic cost
 - What about individual muscles?
 - What about joints?
 - Cause-effect?



Physiological objectives

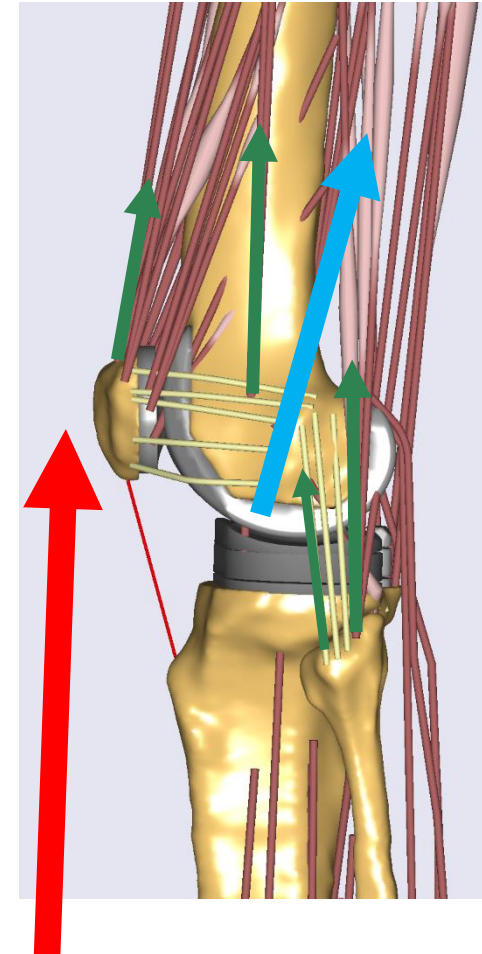
- Metabolic cost
- Activation effort
 - How to combine individual quantities?

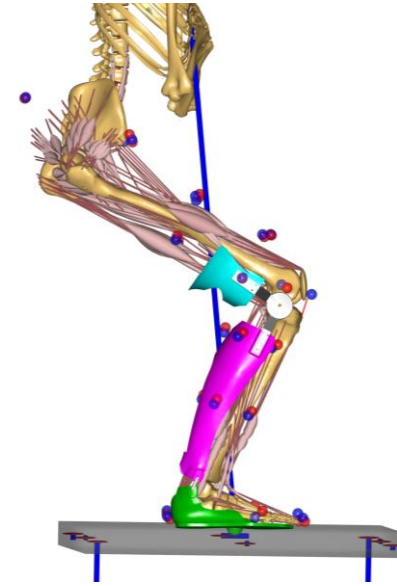
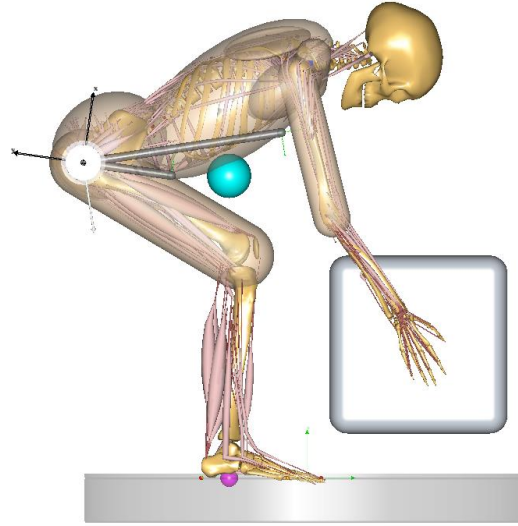


Physiological objectives

- Metabolic cost
- Activation effort
 - How to combine individual quantities?
- Joint reaction force
 - How to combine individual quantities?

- Muscle and ligament forces
- Net ground reaction force
- Net joint reaction force

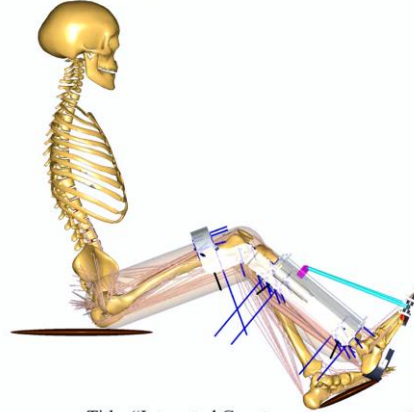




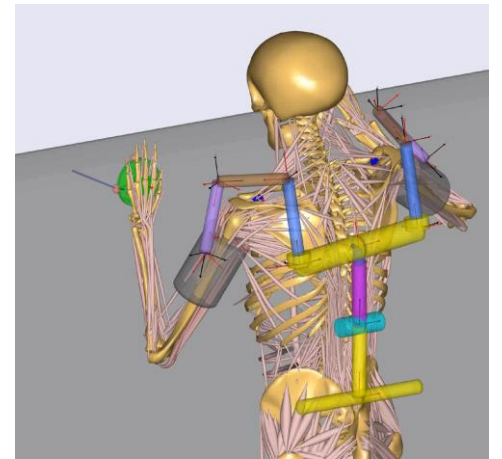
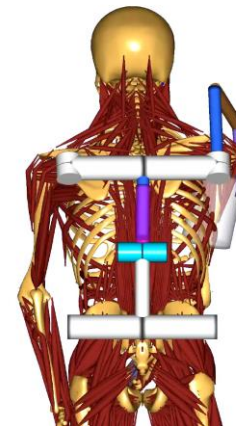
Examples:



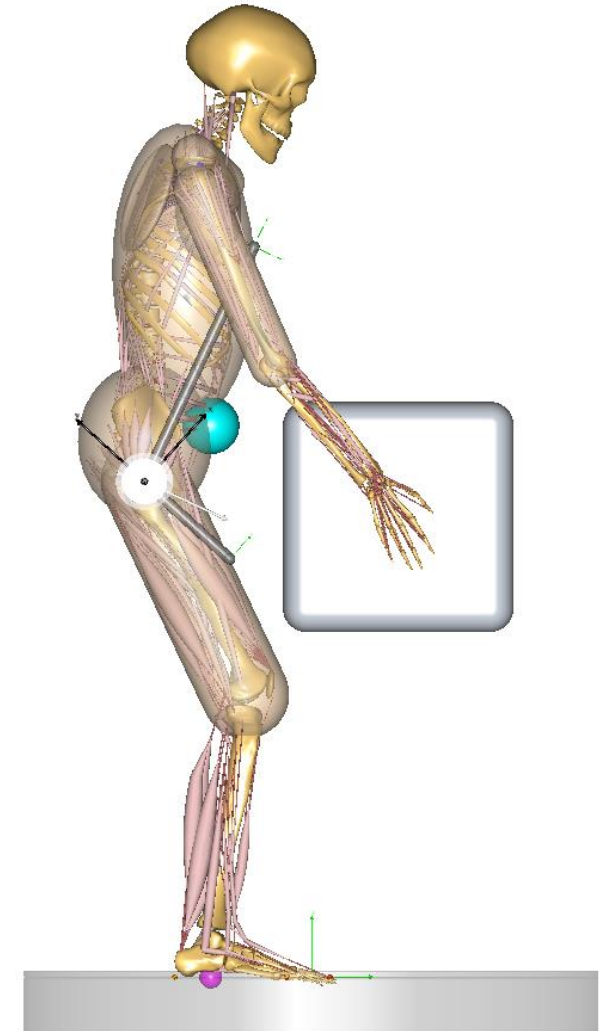
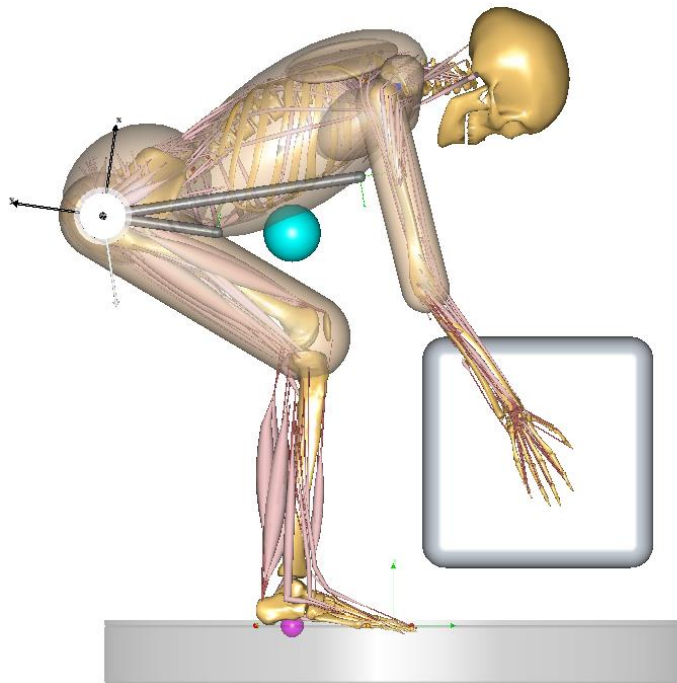
Technology Research Program
(contract No. 4000112181/14/NL/RA)



Title: "Integrated Countermeasures
with Biofeedback and Actuators"



Femur-Thorax Flexion/Extension Support

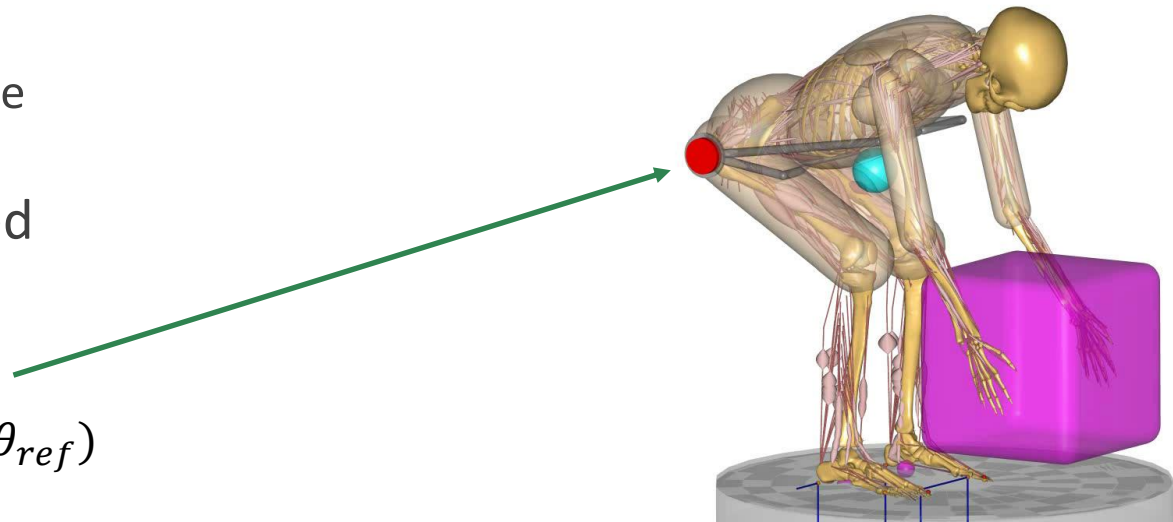


Box-lifting study

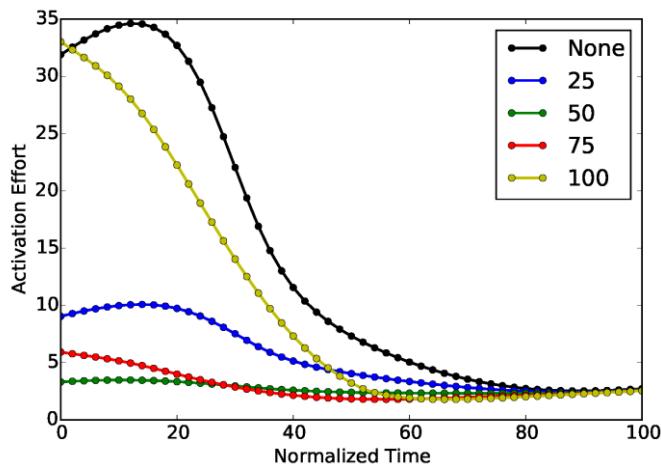
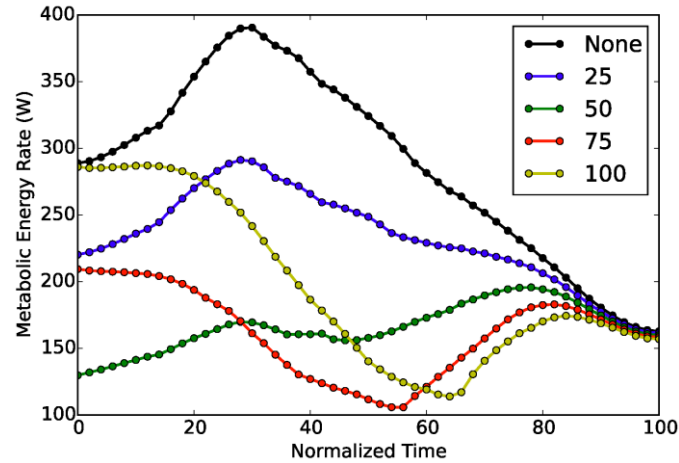
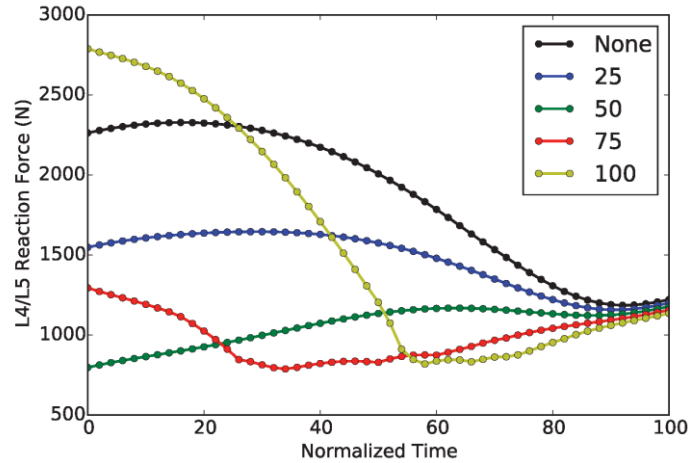
- No motion capture data used.
- Motion generated based on requirements
 - Balance – Projected net CoM lies between feet
 - Duration – 3 sec
 - Posture – Attains standing posture
 - Box motion – Polynomial trajectory in time
- Ground reaction forces were predicted

Parametric Study:
 $0 \leq K \leq 100$

$$T_{Assist} = -K \cdot (\theta - \theta_{ref})$$

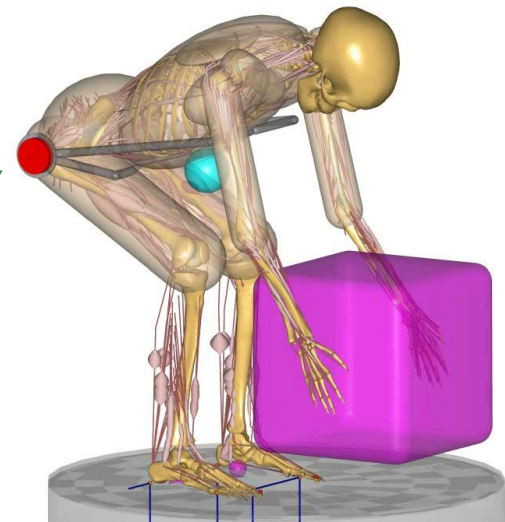


Parametric Study

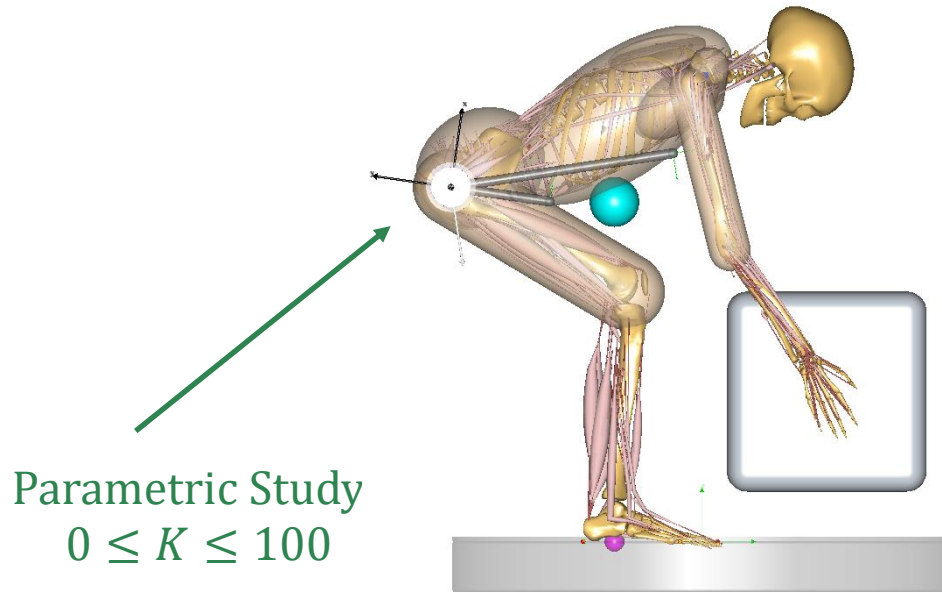


$$T_{Assist} = -K \cdot (\theta - \theta_{ref})$$

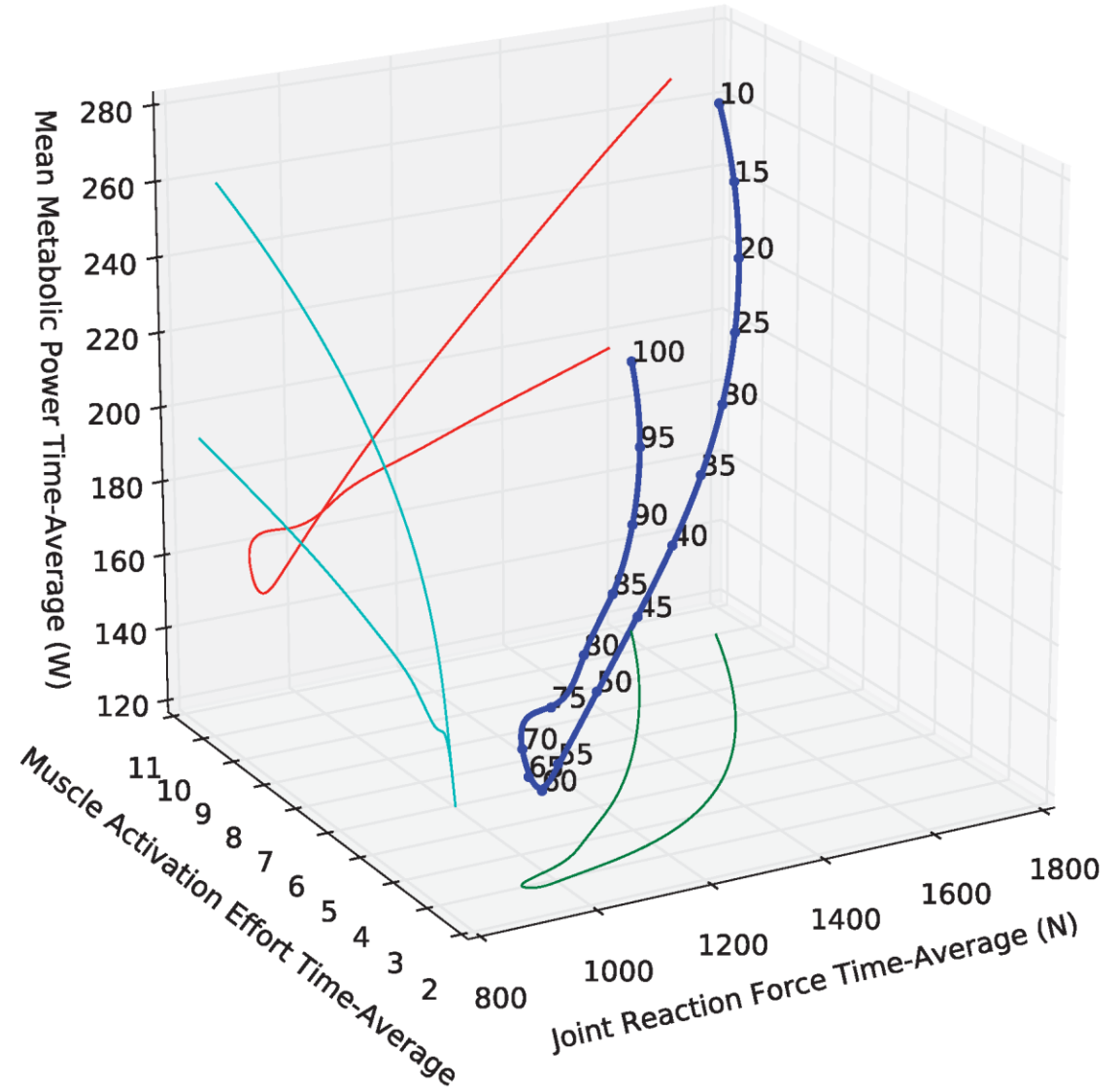
Parametric Study:
 $0 \leq K \leq 100$



Parametric Study

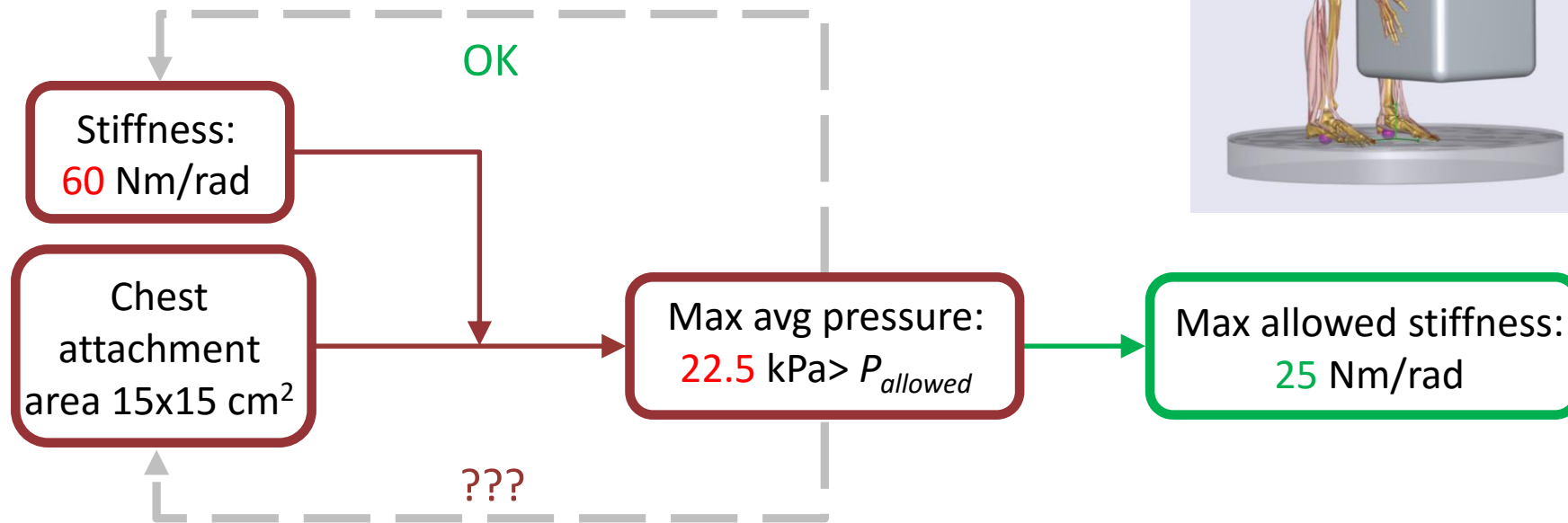
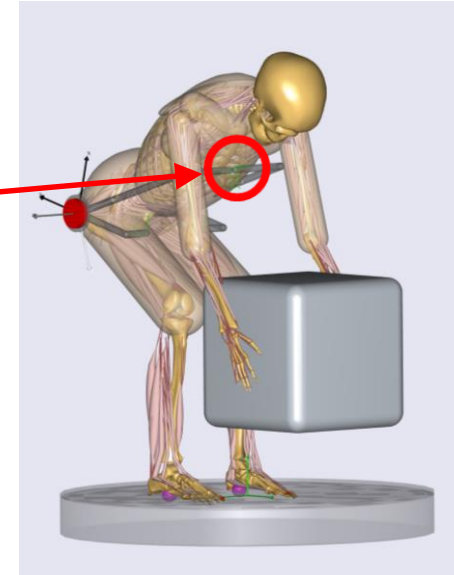


$$T_{Assist} = -K \cdot (\theta - \theta_{ref})$$



Design check (iteration) with limits

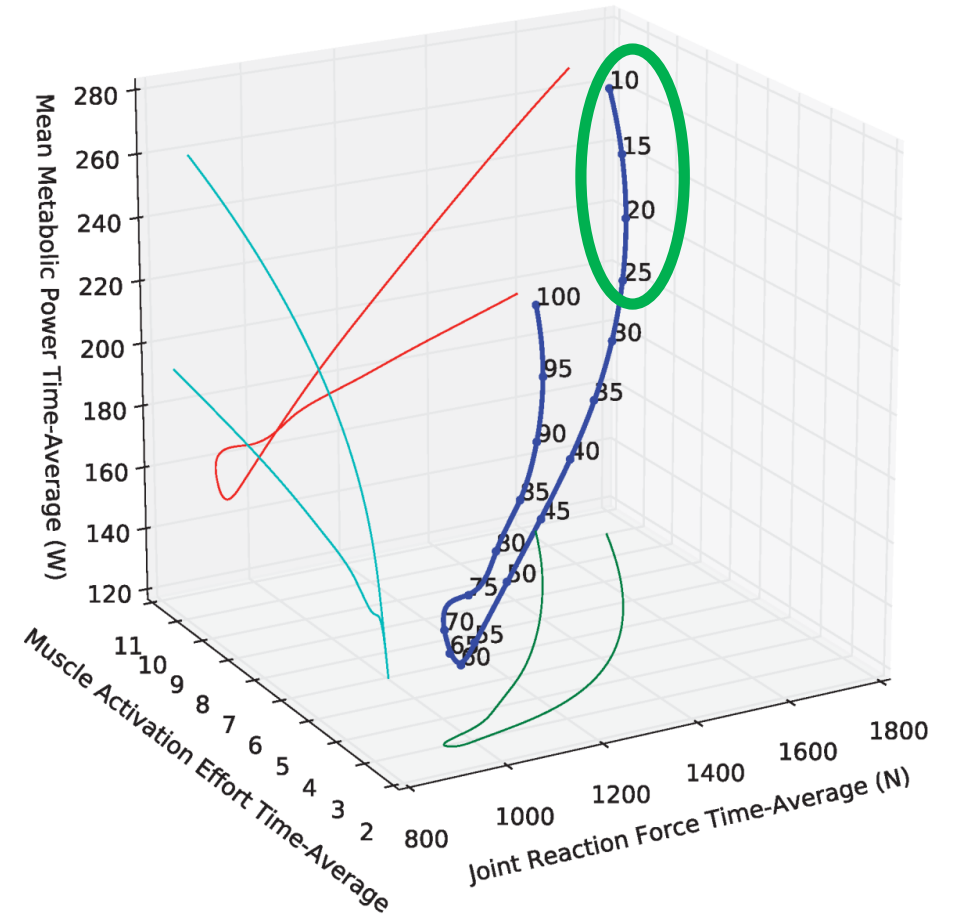
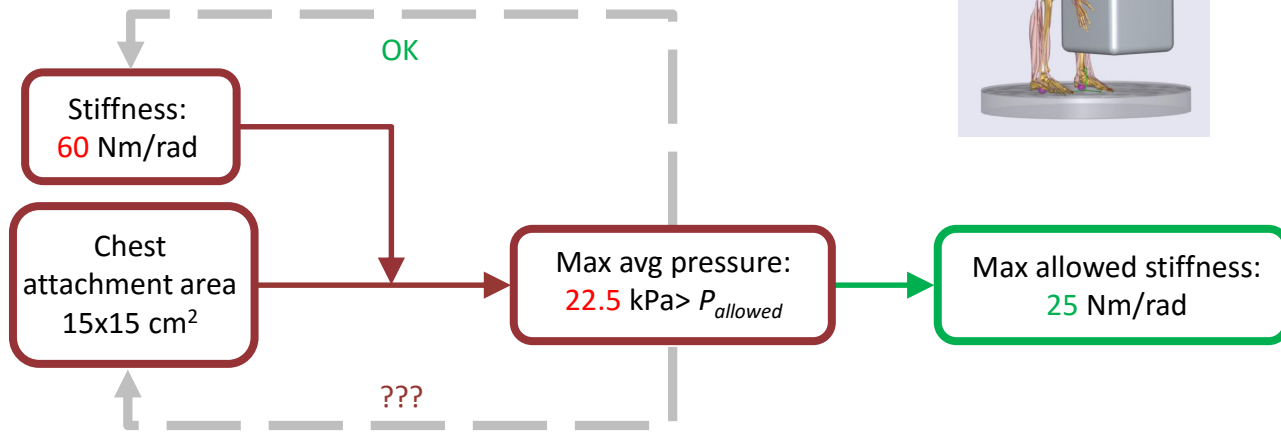
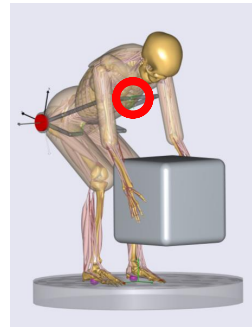
- Max skin pressure $P_{allowed} = 70 \text{ mmHg} \approx 9.3 \text{ kPa}^*$
- Assume chest attachment area to be $15 \times 15 \text{ cm}^2$



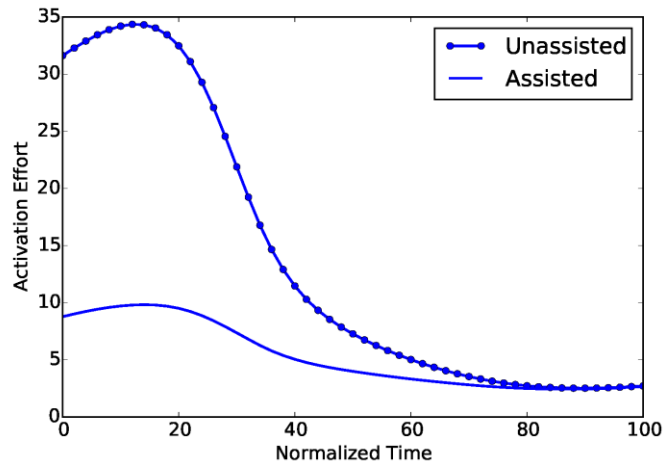
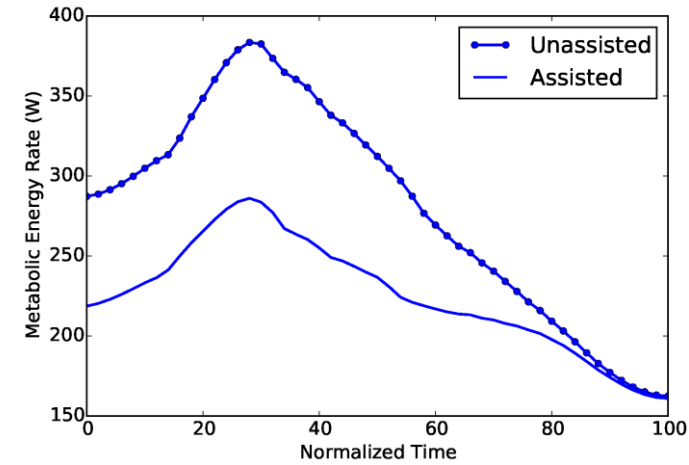
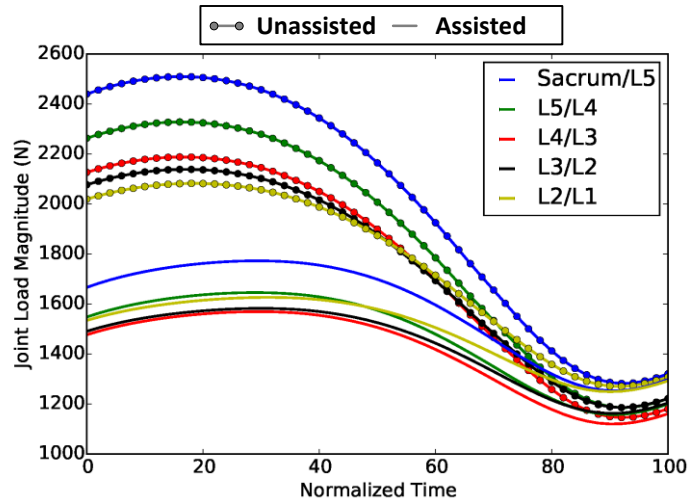
* Lyder, C.H. Pressure Ulcer Prevention and Management. *JAMA-J. Am. Med. Assoc.* 2003

Design check (iteration) with limits

- Max skin pressure $P_{allowed} = 70 \text{ mmHg} \approx 9.3 \text{ kPa}$
- Assume chest attachment area to be $15 \times 15 \text{ cm}^2$



Results (25 Nm/rad)



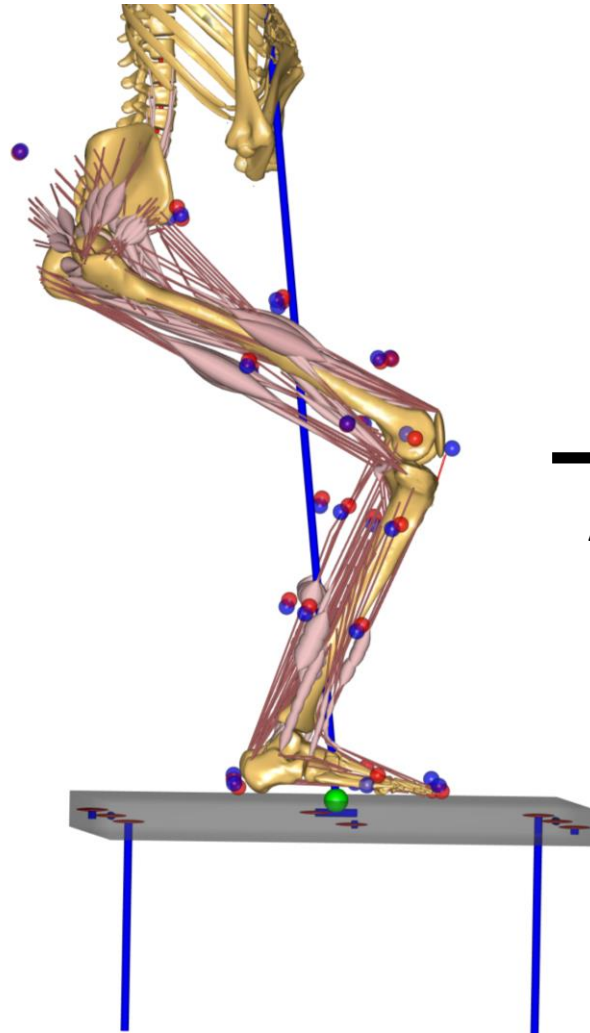
% Device Benefit	Joint Reaction (L4/L5)	Activation Effort	Metabolic Cost
Box-lifting	21.4	62.2	19.6

Example 2: KAFO

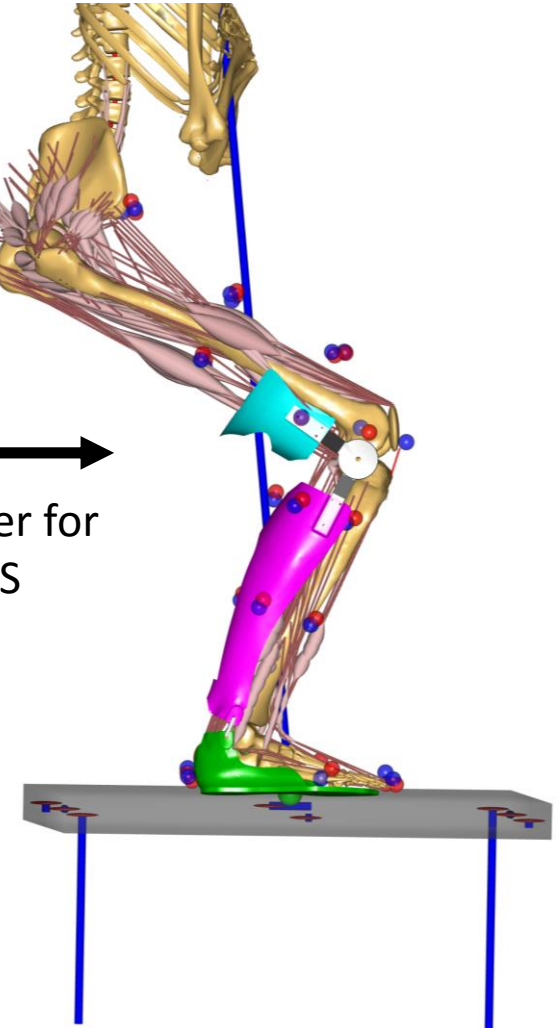
CAD model in SolidWorks



+

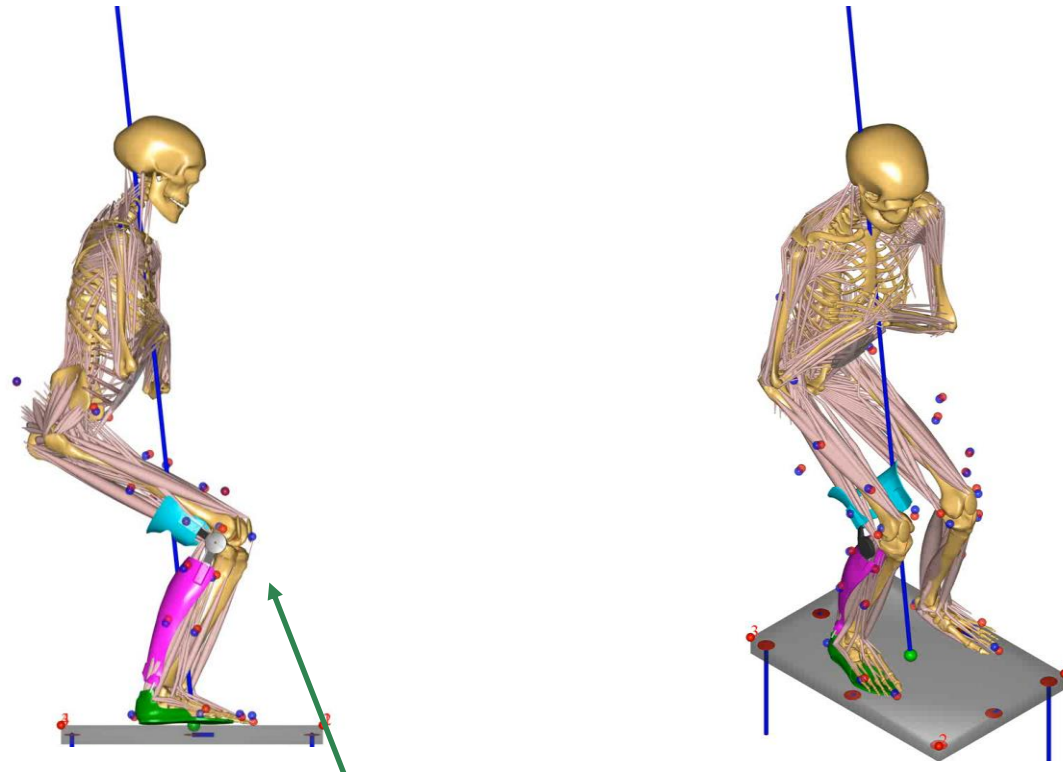


AnyBody Exporter for
SOLIDWORKS



Example 2: KAFO

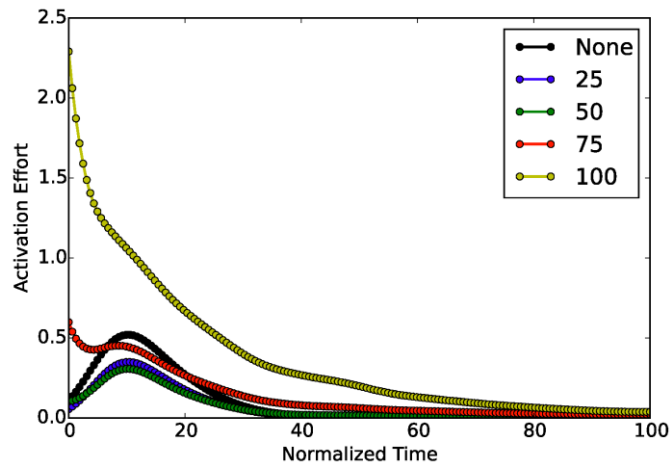
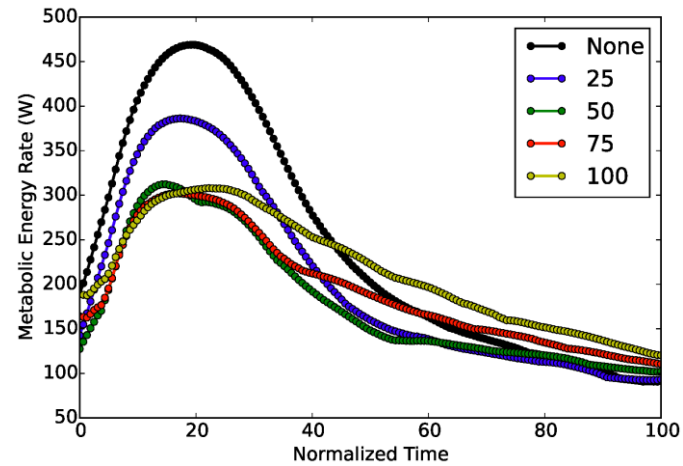
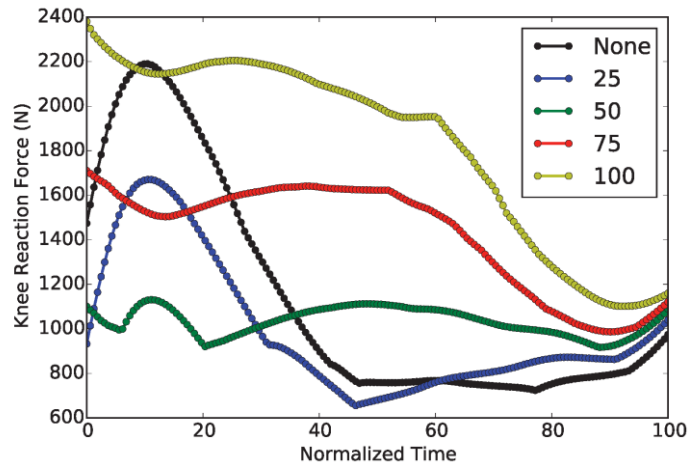
- Combining motion capture with exo design, using motion cameras



Parametric Study:
 $0 \leq K \leq 100$

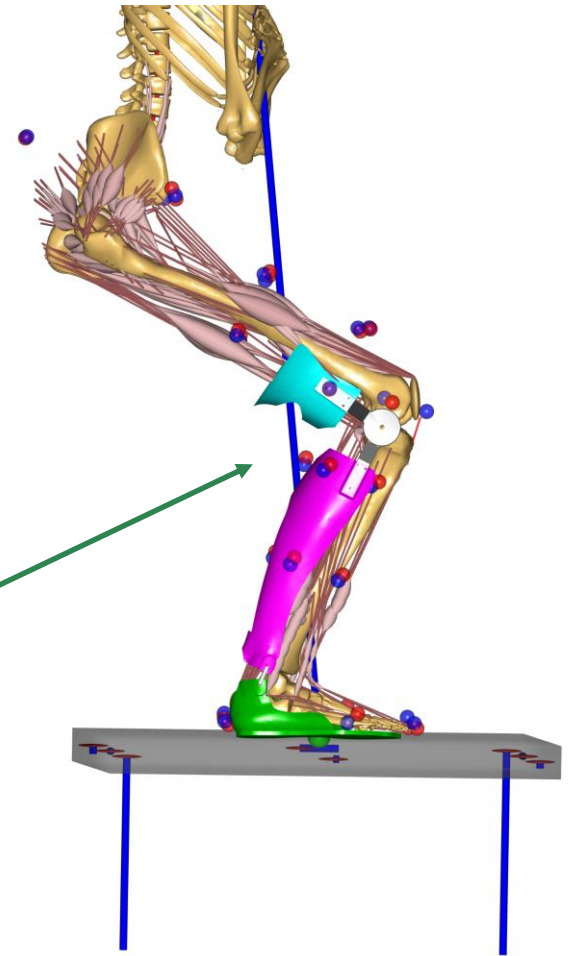
$$T_{Assist} = -\boxed{K} \cdot (\theta - \theta_{ref})$$

Parametric Study

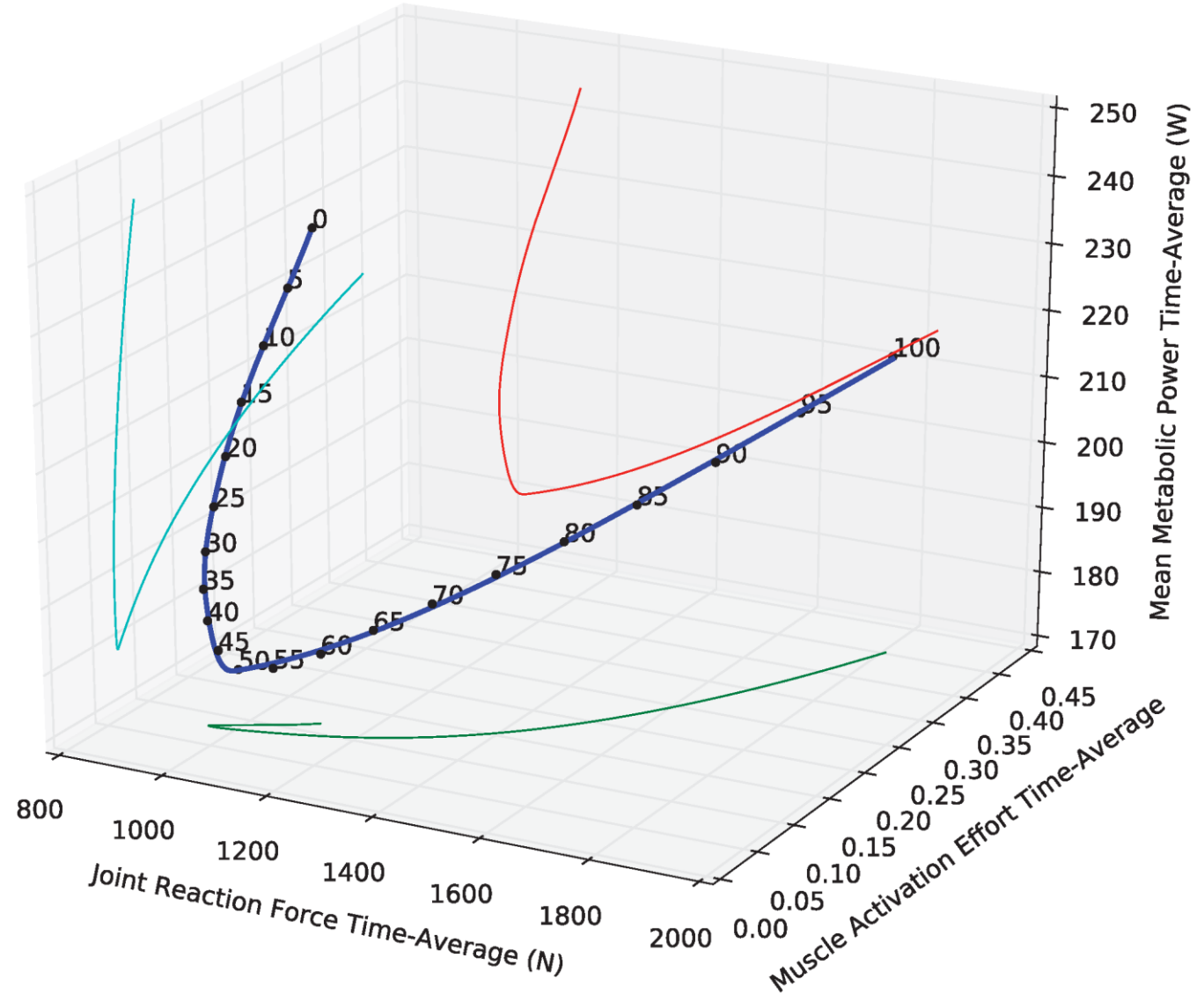
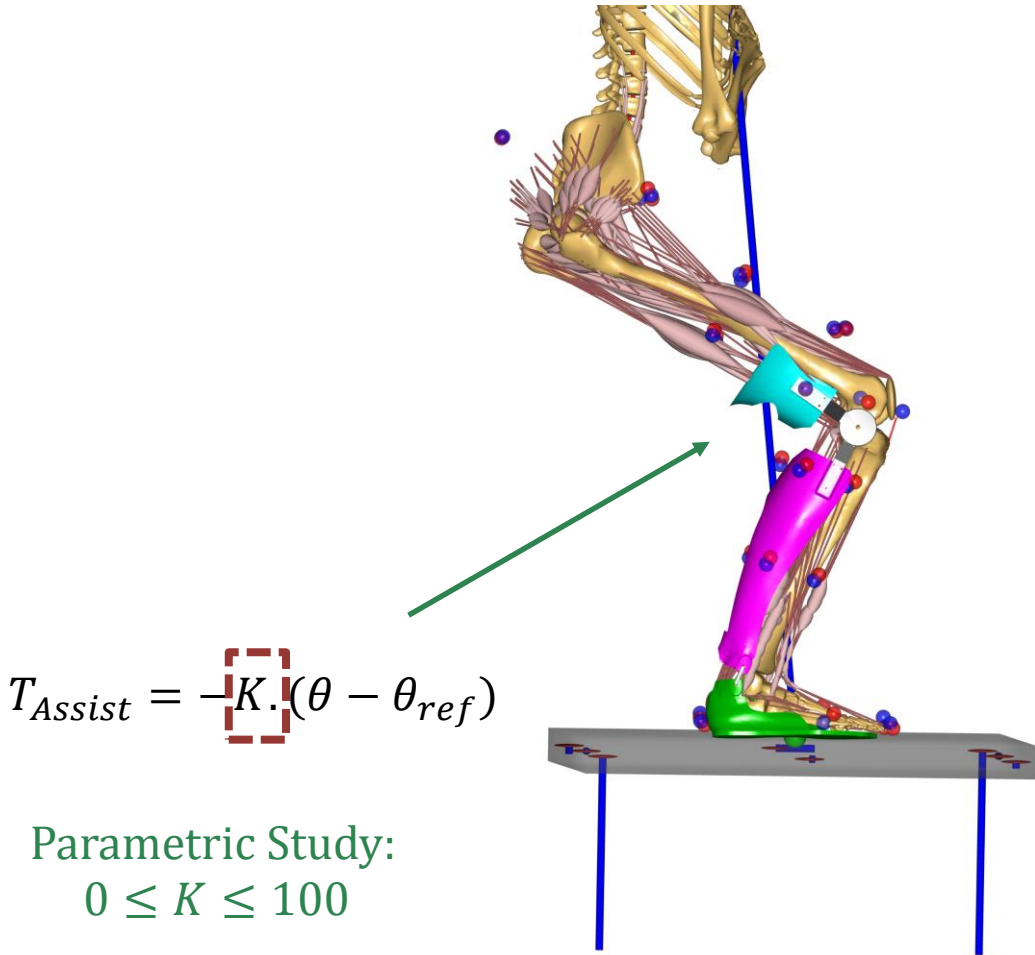


$$T_{Assist} = -K \cdot (\theta - \theta_{ref})$$

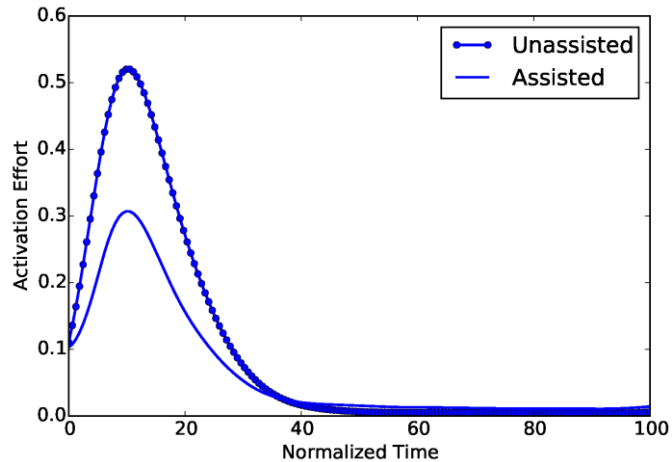
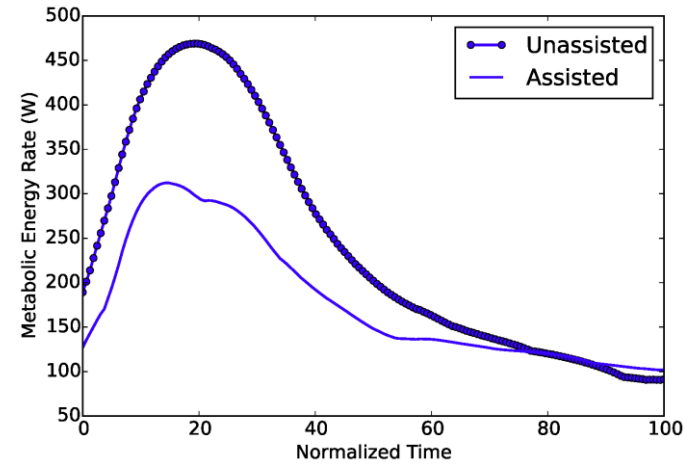
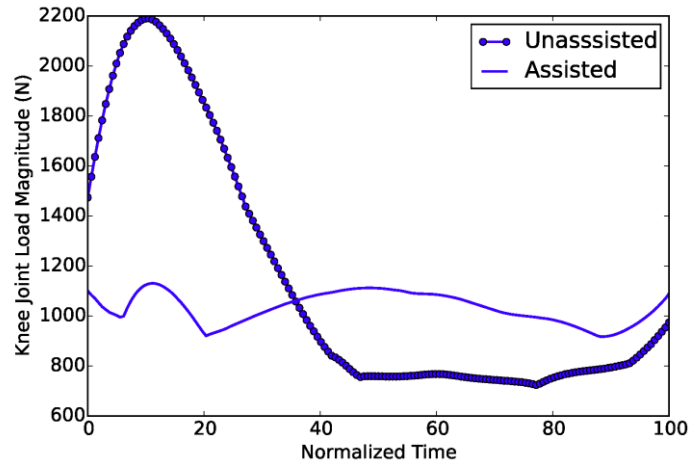
Parametric Study:
 $0 \leq K \leq 100$



Parametric Study

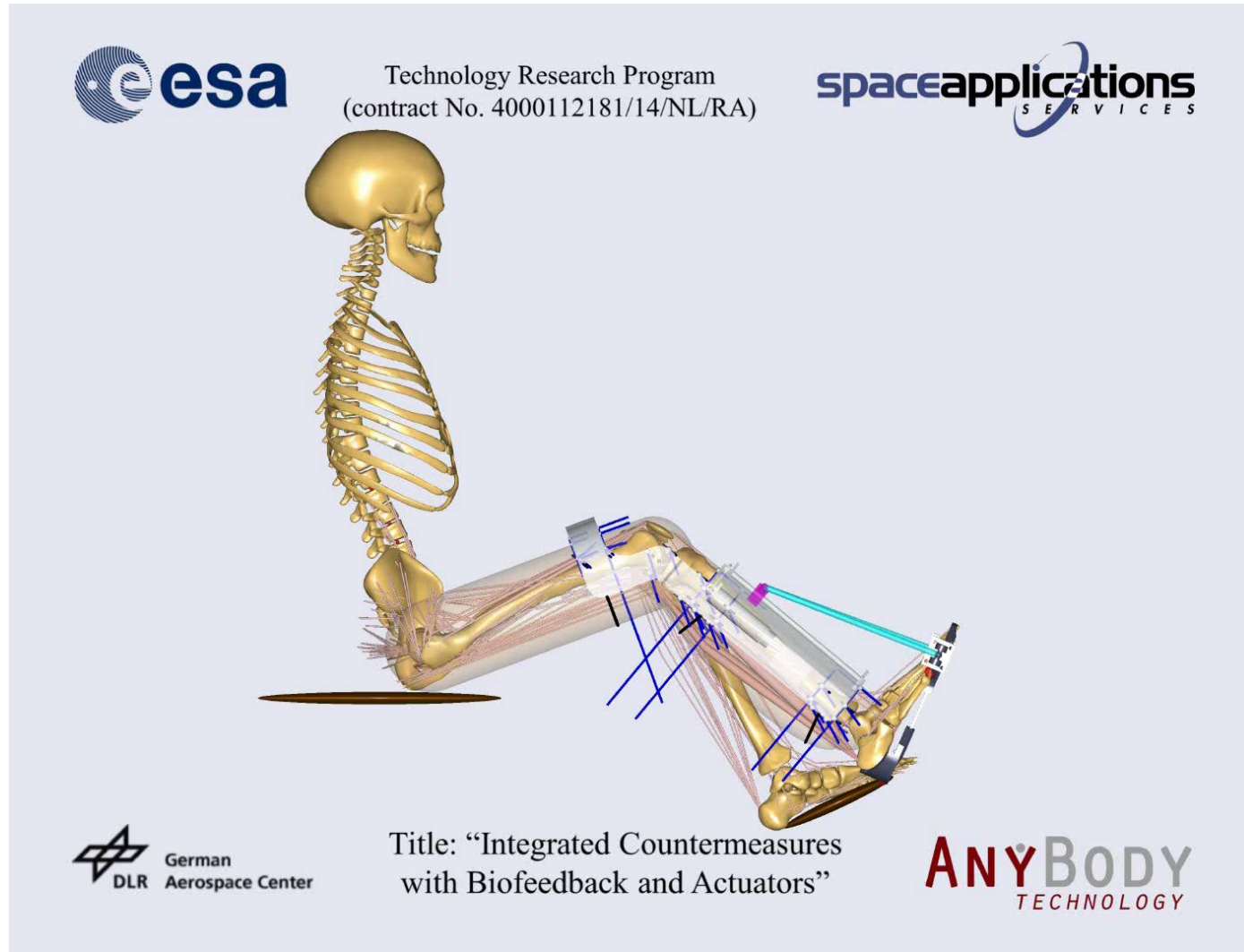


Optimal results



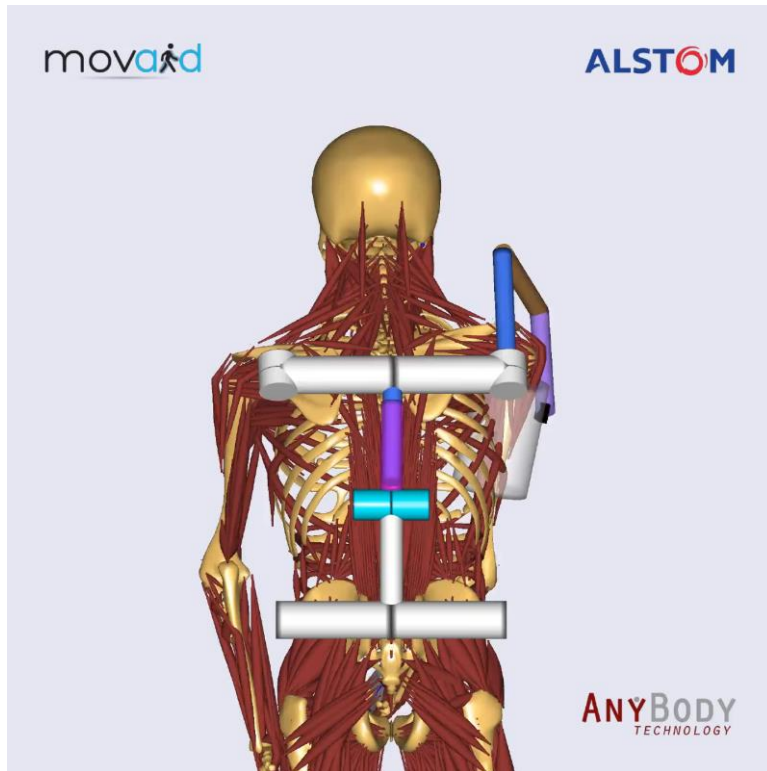
% Device Benefit	Joint Reaction (Knee)	Activation Effort	Metabolic Cost
Sit to stand	9.2	33.9	26.4

Example 3: Plantarflexor exercise machine

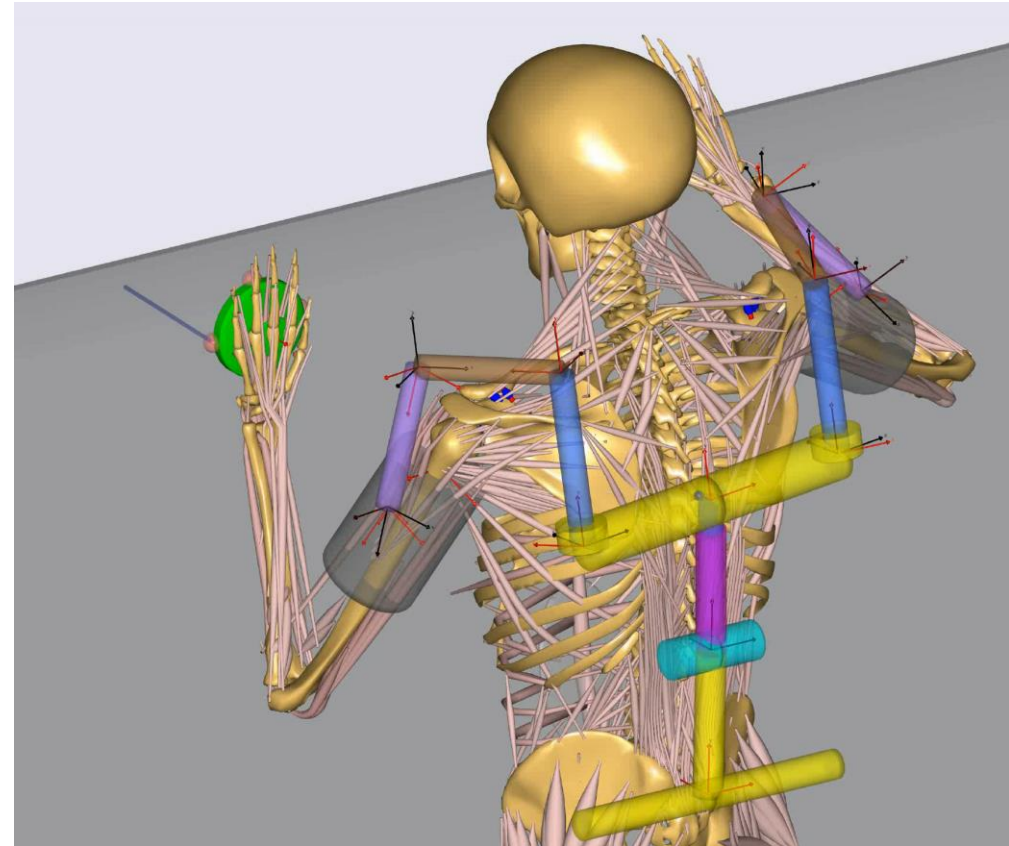


Example 4: Shoulder support device

- Combining motion capture with exo design, using Xsens



Example 5: Polishing Task Support



Discussion

- The changes might be pronounced or suppressed

Device Benefit %	Joint Reaction	Activation Effort	Metabolic Cost
Box-lifting	21.4	62.2	19.6
Sit to stand	9.2	33.9	26.4

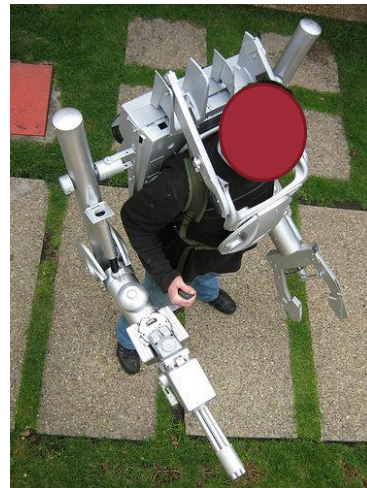
- How collectively quantify activation and joint reaction?
 - Otherwise it is based on luck to capture the comfort/discomfort
- Short term vs long term?

$$\text{Act Effort} \stackrel{?}{=} \sum_j \sum_i a_{ij}^3$$

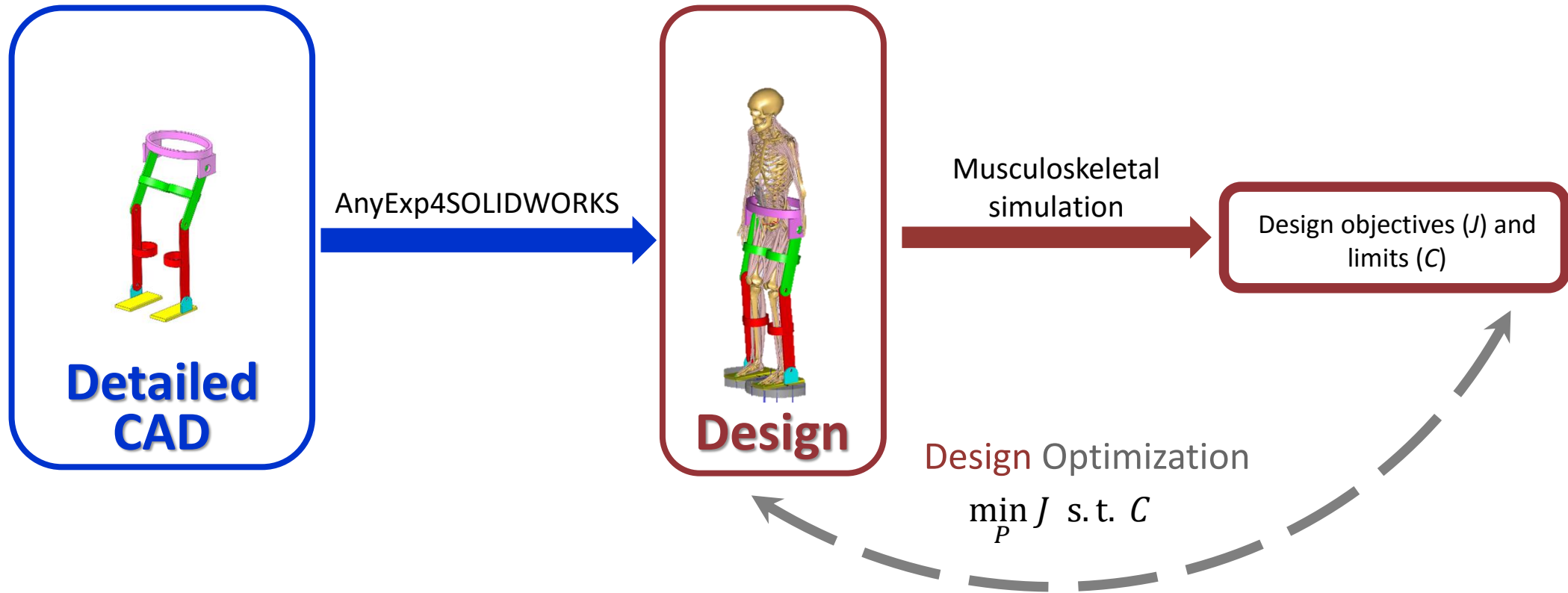
$$\text{JR}_{\text{effort}} \stackrel{?}{=} \sum_j \sum_i \text{JRF}_{ij}^2$$

Discussion

- Other criteria?



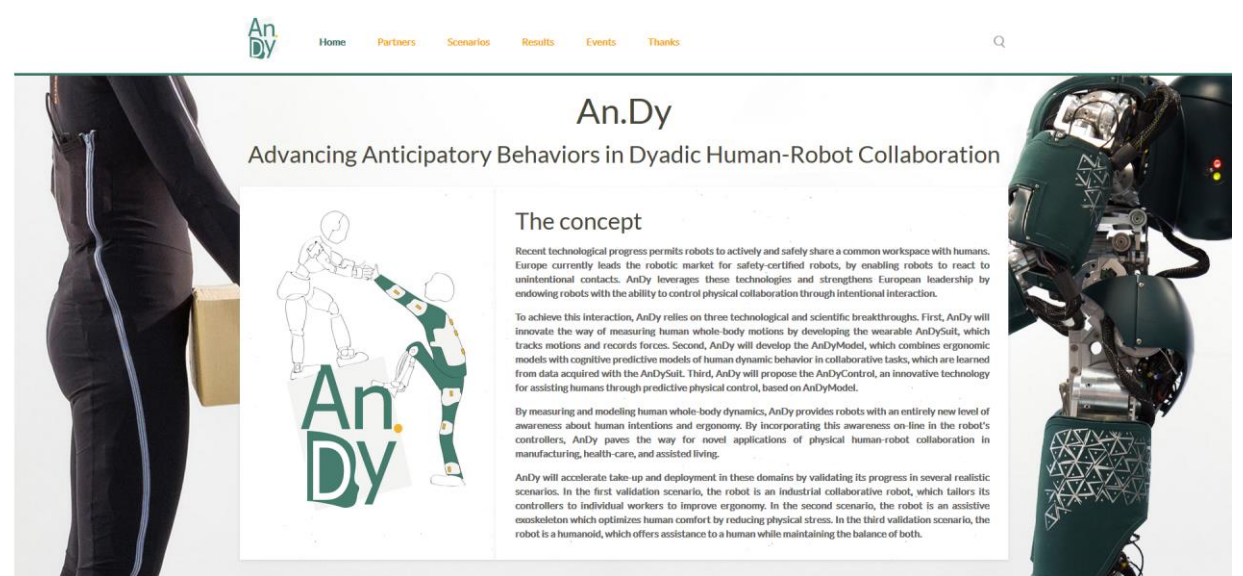
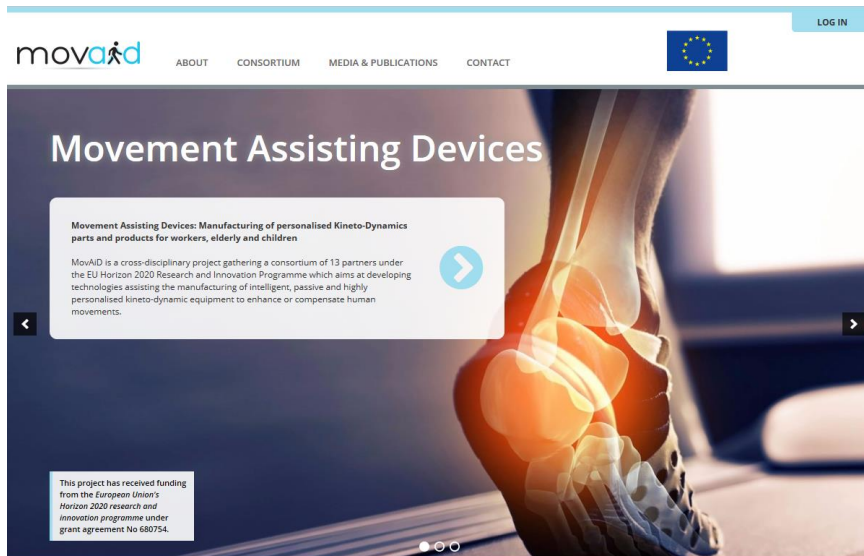
Design framework (another look)



Acknowledgments



This work has received funding from the *European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme* under grant agreements No. 680754 (The MovAiD project, www.movaid.eu) and No. 731540 (The AnDy Project, www.andy-project.eu).



Previous webcasts

- Check our YouTube channel

www.anybodytech.com

- Events, dates, publication list, ...

www.anyscript.org

- Wiki, Forum, Repositories

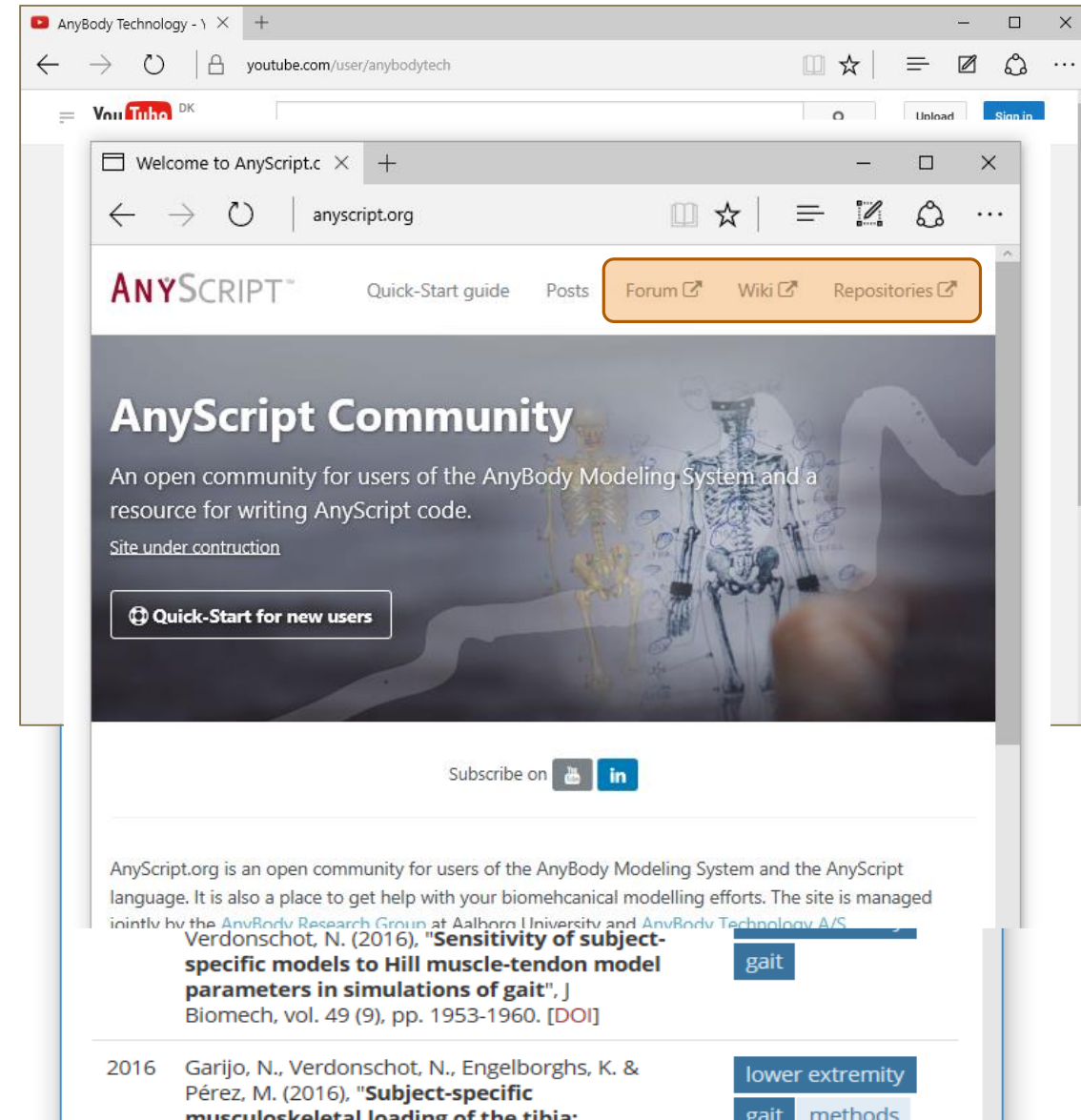
Events:

14-17 Jun: CAOS International 2017, Aachen, Germany

14-18 Jun: ISBS 2017, Cologne, Germany

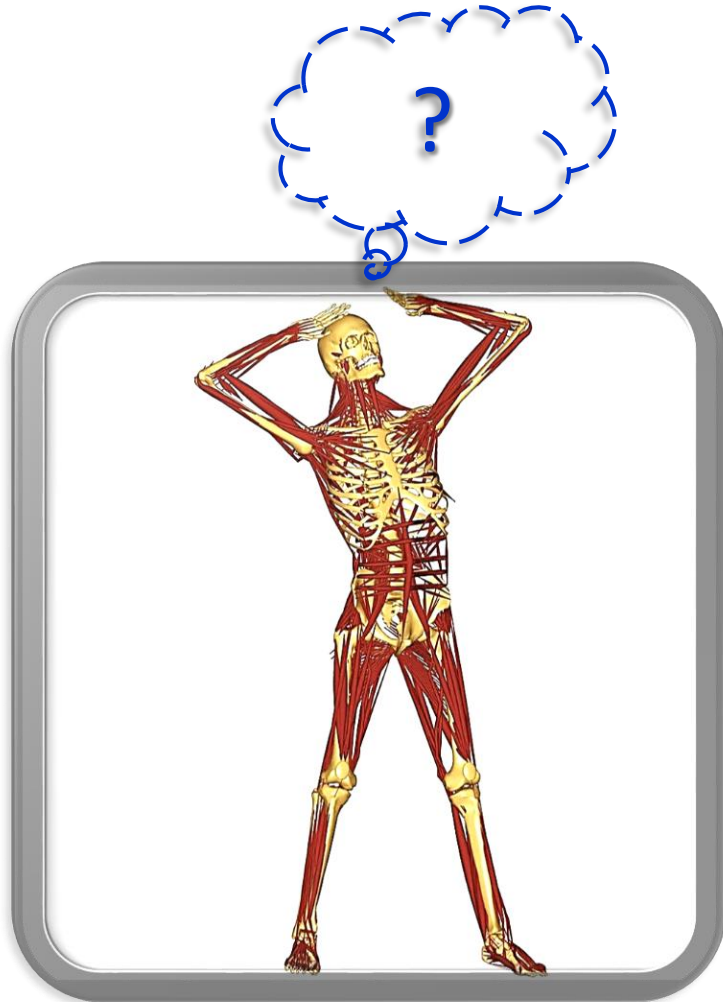
21 Jun Webcast: Computing realistic loads in the lumbar spine by using the AnyBody musculoskeletal model

 **Meet us?** Send email to sales@anybodytech.com



The screenshot shows a web browser displaying the AnyScript.org website. The page features a navigation bar with links for 'Quick-Start guide', 'Posts', 'Forum', 'Wiki', and 'Repositories'. The main heading is 'AnyScript Community', followed by a description: 'An open community for users of the AnyBody Modeling System and a resource for writing AnyScript code.' Below this is a 'Quick-Start for new users' button and social media subscription options for YouTube and LinkedIn. A list of publications is visible, including one by Garijo, N., Verdonschot, N., Engelborghs, K. & Pérez, M. (2016) titled 'Subject-specific musculoskeletal loading of the tibia:'. The page also includes a 'Site under construction' notice.

Time for questions



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@AnyBody_Tech



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